MINISTRY OF EDUCATION AND SCIENCE OF UKRAINE V.N. KARAZIN KHARKIV NATIONAL UNIVERSITY Department of International and European Law

"APPROVED" by Dean of the School of Law Vitalii SEROHIN "31 " tuquet 2023

Academic course working program HUMAN RIGHTS IN INTERNATIONAL LAW

higher education level first (baccalaureate) branch of knowledge 29 International relations specialty 293 International Law educational program International Law specialization type of course compulsory faculty Law

2023/2024 academic year

The program is recommended for approval by the Academic Council of the Faculty of Law

«31» August 2023, protocol number 1

DEVELOPER OF THE PROGRAM: Fomina L.O., Associate Professor of the V.N. Karazin Kharkiv National University International and European Law Department, PhD in Law, Associate Professor

The program was approved at the meeting of the International and European Law Department

«31» August 2023, protocol number 1

Head of the International and European Law Department

_____ (Tetiana SYROID)

The program was agreed with the guarantor of the educational and professional program of the first (bachelor) level of higher education in the specialty 293 International Law

Guarantor of the educational and professional program of the first (bachelor) level of higher education "International Law" PhD in Law, associate professor (Lina FOMINA)

The program is approved by the Scientific and Methodical Commission of the Faculty of Law

«31» August 2023, protocol number 1

Head of Scientific and Methodical Commission of the Faculty of Law

(Hanna ZUBENKO)

INTRODUCTION

The program of the discipline «Human rights in international law» is drawn up in accordance with the educational and professional program of preparation of the bachelor, specialty 293 International Law.

1. Description of the course

1.1. The purpose of studying the discipline «Human rights in international law» is mastering certain tools in the field of international human rights law, studying its essence and features; study of the activities of universal and regional bodies whose powers include the protection of human rights; studying the content and components of fundamental human rights.

1.2. Main tasks of studying the discipline:

- mastering a certain toolkit of the field of human rights law in international law;
- analysis of the genesis of the formation and development of the institution for the protection of human rights in international law;
- study of the essence of international human rights law, the source base;
- the ability to distinguish between the legal status of a person and a citizen;
- paying attention to the international universal mechanism for the protection of human rights;
- study of the international regional mechanism for the protection of human rights;
- determination of grounds for liability for violation of human rights, subject composition;
- study of the scope and components of fundamental human rights: the right to life; prohibition of torture, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment; the right to liberty and security of person; the right to respect for private and family life, housing and correspondence; freedom of thought, conscience and religion; freedom of expression; the right to information; freedom of assembly and association; property rights; prohibition of discrimination;
- determining the place and role of international organizations in regulating rights and ensuring the protection of individuals;
- ability to work independently with legal acts regulating the status of individuals;
- mastering the skills of working in the international negotiation process and the activities of international bodies and organizations to provide assistance to individuals, making informed and effective management decisions;
- ability to expertly interpret international legal acts in the field of human rights and give qualified legal opinions and advice on international legal issues;
- ability to ensure compliance with the requirements of international law, international obligations of Ukraine within the framework of the performance of personal official duties.

1.3. Credit hours -5

1.4. Total hours – 150

1.5. Characteristics of the course

The subject of study of the academic discipline is international legal relations in the field of human rights.

The program of the academic discipline consists of two parts, which consider the main provisions in the field of human rights law and the scope and components of fundamental human rights.

> Compulsory / optional Compulsory

Full-time mode of study	Part-time (Distance) mode of study				
Year of stud	ly				
4th	4th				
Semester					
8th	8th				
Lectures					
30 hours	8 hours				
Practical, seminar	classes				
30 hours	6 hours				
Independent v	vork				
90 hours	136 hours				
Control wo	rk				
1					
Individual work					
-					
Form of final contr	Form of final control: Exam				

1.6. As a result of studying the discipline, students should acquire the following professional (subject,
specialised) competences: PC2; PC6 and to achieve the following programme outcomes: PLO6; PLO10;
PLO19; PLO21; PLO23 in accordance with the EPP
(http://law.karazin.ua/resources/doks/2020_293_educational_and_professional_program.pdf).

2. Topic plan of the discipline

Section 1. Main provisions

Topic 1. History of formation and development of ideas about human rights

Genesis of the formation and development of human rights. The emergence of ideas about human rights. Development of ideas about human rights. Human rights and civilization. Ancient Greece. Ancient Rome. Middle Century. New time.

The creation of the UN is the beginning of a new stage in the development of the concept of human rights. A civilizational approach to the concept of human rights.

Topic 2. The concept and essence of human rights

The concept of human rights. Human rights as a normative form of relations between individuals, society, and the state. The priority of human rights as a prominent principle of the rule of law.

Topic 3. Legal status of a person and a citizen

The concept, structure of the legal status of a person. Rights, freedoms, obligations of human rights. Guarantees of human rights. Human rights and citizen's rights. Grounds for restricting human rights and freedoms. Legal regime of citizens in international law. International treaties in the field of citizenship. Grounds for acquiring and terminating citizenship. Simplified regime for acquiring citizenship. Principles of citizenship. Status of stateless persons. Status of dual nationals. Conflict of laws issues. Status of foreigners. Types of foreign regimes. The right of asylum.

Topic 4. Classification of human rights

Types of classifications. Content of individual rights and freedoms. Basic and other human and civil rights. "Generations" of human rights. Individual rights and collective rights. Personal (civil) rights and freedoms. Political rights and freedoms. Economic and social rights. Cultural rights.

Topic 5. International mechanism for the protection of human rights

Establishment and development of the institution of human rights protection in international law. The concept, the essence of the institution of human rights protection. Legal mechanism for the protection of human rights. Charter of Human Rights. Helsinki Final Act of the CSCE (1975), Convention for the Protection of Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms (1950), Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union (2000), American Convention on Human Rights (1969), African Charter on Human and Peoples' Rights (1981).

Institutional mechanism for the protection of human rights. International human rights bodies. Statutory authorities. Treaty (monitoring) bodies for the protection of human rights: concept, competence, types. Universal organs. Regional bodies. Non-governmental organizations in the field of human rights protection. Correlation of the international and national system of human rights protection.

Topic 6. International universal mechanism for the protection of human rights

UN Charter. International treaties in the field of human rights protection. Competence of UN bodies and institutions in the field of human rights. UN Secretary-General. UN General Assembly. Security Council. ECOSOC. UN Human Rights Council: competence, activities. UN High Commissioner for Human Rights (OHCHR). Office of the UN High Commissioner for Human Rights. International Ombudsman Institute. Committee Against Torture. Special Rapporteurs. Center for Human Rights. Competence of the UN peacekeeping forces to protect certain categories of persons during armed conflicts.

Topic 7. International regional mechanism for the protection of human rights

Council of Europe. European Court of Human Rights (ECHR). European Commissioner for Human Rights (European Ombudsman). European Committee for the Prevention of Torture and Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment (CPT). Judicial protection of the rights and freedoms of the European Union. Extrajudicial mechanisms for the protection of EU rights and freedoms. African Commission on Human and Peoples' Rights: the procedure for consideration, the conditions for the admissibility of complaints.

Topic 8. Responsibility for human rights violations

Grounds, types, forms of responsibility for human rights violations. The duty of states to protect human rights and freedoms. Responsibility of states for human rights violations during armed conflicts. Responsibility of individuals for violation of human rights and freedoms. Competence of international judicial institutions to protect human rights and freedoms.

Section 2. The scope and components of fundamental human rights

Topic 9. Right to life. Right to health

The scope and components of the right to life. Regulation of the right to life at the international universal and regional levels (Universal Declaration of Human Rights 1948, International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights of 1966, Convention for the Protection of Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms of 1950, Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union of 2000, American Convention on Human Rights of 1969, African Charter on Human and Peoples' Rights of 1981, etc). CCPR General Comment No. 6: Article 6 (Right to Life). CCPR General comment No. 36: Article 6 (Right to life). State obligations regarding the right to life. Prohibition of arbitrary deprivation of life. The duty to protect life. Imposition of the death penalty. Case law of the European Court of Human Rights regarding the right to life. International legal regulation of the right to health at the international universal and regional levels. International legal regulation of patients' rights. The right to health of certain categories of persons (women, children, the elderly, prisoners (detainees) etc). International control in the field of ensuring the right to health.

Topic 10. Prohibition of torture, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment

The scope and components of the prohibition of torture, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment. Regulation of the prohibition of torture, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment at the international universal and regional levels (Universal Declaration of Human Rights of 1948, International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights of 1966, Convention against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment, Optional Protocol to the Convention against Torture and Other Cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment and punishment, Guidelines against Intimidation or Reprisals ("San Jose Guidelines"), Convention for the Protection of Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms of 1950, European Convention for the Prevention of Torture and Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment of 1987, Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union of 2000, American Convention on Human Rights of 1969, African Charter on Human and Peoples' Rights of 1981, etc.). CCPR General Comment No. 20: Article 7 (Prohibition of Torture, or Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment). State obligations to prohibit torture, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment. Monitoring the prevention of torture and other cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment and punishment. UN Committee against Torture. UN Subcommittee on Prevention of Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment and Punishment. UN special procedures on the prevention of torture and other cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment. European Committee for the Prevention of Torture or Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment. Case law of the European Court of Human Rights on the prohibition of torture, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment.

Topic 11. Right to liberty and security of person

The scope and components of the right to liberty and security of person. Arbitrary detention and unlawful detention. Notification of the reasons for the arrest and any criminal charges. Judicial control over detention in criminal charges. The right to be tried regarding release from unlawful or arbitrary detention. The right to compensation for unlawful or arbitrary arrest or detention. Regulation of the right to liberty and security of person at the international universal and regional levels (Universal Declaration of Human Rights of 1948, International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights of 1966, Convention for the Protection of Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms of 1950, Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union of 2000, American Convention on Human Rights of 1969, African Charter on Human and Peoples' Rights of 1981 etc.). CCPR General Comment No. 35 - Article 9 (Liberty and security of person). State obligations regarding the right to liberty and security of person. Case law of the European Court of Human Rights on the right to liberty and security of person.

Topic 12. Right to respect for private and family life, home and correspondence

The scope and components of the right to respect for private and family life, home and correspondence. Regulation of the right to respect for private and family life, home and correspondence at the international universal and regional levels (Universal Declaration of Human Rights of 1948, International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights of 1966, International Covenant on Social and Economic Rights of 1966, Convention for the Protection of Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms of 1950, Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union of 2000, American Convention on Human Rights of 1969, African Charter on Human and Peoples' Rights of 1981, etc.). CCPR General Comment No. 16: Article 17 (Right to Privacy). State obligations regarding the right to respect for private and family life, home and correspondence. Case law of the European Court of Human Rights on the right to respect for private and family life, home and correspondence.

Topic 13. Freedom of thought, conscience and religion. Freedom of expression

The scope and components of the right to freedom of thought, conscience and religion. Regulation of the right to freedom of thought, conscience and religion at the international universal and regional levels (Universal Declaration of Human Rights of 1948, International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights of 1966, International Covenant on Social and Economic Rights of 1966, Convention for the Protection of Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms of 1950, Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union of 2000, American Convention on Human Rights of 1969, African Charter on Human and Peoples' Rights of 1981, Declaration on the Elimination of All Forms of Intolerance and of Discrimination Based on Religion or Belief of 1981 etc.). CCPR General Comment No. 22: Article 18 (Freedom of Thought, Conscience or Religion). State obligations regarding the right to freedom of thought, conscience and religion. Case law of the European Court of Human Rights regarding the right to freedom of thought, conscience and religion. The scope and components of the right to freedom of expression. Freedom of expression and mass media. The right to access information. Freedom of expression and political rights. Restrictions on freedom of expression. Regulation of the right to freedom of expression at the international universal and regional levels (Universal Declaration of Human Rights of 1948, International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights of 1966, International Covenant on Social and Economic Rights of 1966, Convention for the Protection of Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms of 1950, Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union of 2000, American Convention on Human Rights of 1969, African Charter on Human and Peoples' Rights of 1981 etc.). CCPR General Comment No. 34 – Article 19: Freedom of opinion and expression. State obligations regarding the right to freedom of expression. Case law of the European Court of Human Rights on the right to freedom of expression.

Topic 14. Freedom of assembly and association

The scope and components of the right to freedom of assembly and association. Regulation of the right to freedom of assembly and association at the international universal and regional levels (Universal Declaration of Human Rights of 1948, International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights of 1966, International Covenant on Social and Economic Rights of 1966, Convention for the Protection of Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms of 1950, Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union of 2000, American Convention on Human Rights of 1969, African Charter on Human and Peoples' Rights of 1981 etc.). CCPR General comment no. 37 (2020) on the right of peaceful assembly (article 21). State obligations regarding the right to freedom of assembly and association. Restrictions of the right of peaceful assembly. Assemblies (gathering) during a state of emergency and armed conflict. Case law of the European Court of Human Rights on the right to freedom of assembly and association.

Topic 15. Right to property

The scope and components of the right to property. Regulation of the right to property at the international universal and regional levels (Universal Declaration of Human Rights of 1948, International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights of 1966, International Covenant on Social and Economic Rights of 1966, Convention for the Protection of Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms of 1950, Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union of 2000, American Convention on Human Rights of 1969, African Charter on Human and Peoples' Rights of 1981 etc.). State obligations regarding the right to property. Case law of the European Court of Human Rights on the right to property.

Topic 16. Prohibition of discrimination

The scope and components of the prohibition of discrimination. Regulation of the prohibition of discrimination at the international universal and regional levels (Universal Declaration of Human Rights of 1948, International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights of 1966, International Covenant on Social and Economic Rights of 1966, Convention for the Protection of Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms of 1950, Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union of 2000, American Convention on Human Rights of 1969, African Charter on Human and Peoples' Rights of 1981, Discrimination (Employment and Occupation) Convention of 1958,

International Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination of 1965, Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination Against Women of 1979, International Convention on the Protection of the Rights of All Migrant Workers and Members of Their Families of 1990, Declaration on the Rights of Persons Belonging to National or Ethnic, Religious and Linguistic Minorities of 1992, Durban Declaration and Program of Action of 2001, Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities of 2006 etc.). CCPR General Comments No. 28: Article 3 (The Equality of Rights Between Men and Women), No. 18: Non-discrimination. State obligations to prohibit discrimination. Case law of the European Court of Human Rights on the prohibition of discrimination. Committee on the Elimination of Racial Discrimination (CERD). Committee on the Elimination of Discrimination against Women (CEDAW). Council of Europe Gender Equality Strategy 2018-2023. European Commission against Racism and Intolerance (ECRI). PACE Committee on Equality and Non-Discrimination.

3. Structure of the course

Sections and	Course hours											
topics	Full-time Part-tir			-time								
	Total	Total Including				Total including						
		Lec	Pr	Lab	in/w	in/t		lec	Pr	lab	in/	in/t
											W	
1	2	3	4		6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
			ection 1.	Main	provisi					-	_	
Topic 1. History	9	2	2			5	10					10
of formation and												
development of												
ideas about human												
rights												
Topic 2. The	9	2	2			5	12	2	2			8
concept and												
essence of human												
rights												
Topic 3. Legal	9	2	2			5	8					8
status of a person												
and a citizen												
Topic 4.	9	2	2			5	8					8
Classification of												
human rights												
Topic 5.	9	2	2			5	8					8
International												
mechanism for the												
protection of												
human rights												
Topic 6.	9	2	2			5	10	2				8
International												
universal												
mechanism for the												
protection of												
human rights												

Topic 7. International regional mechanism for the protection of human rights	9	2	2			5	10				10
Topic 8. Responsibility for human rights violations	9	2	2			5	10				10
Total for section	72	16	16			40	76	4	2		70
Sect	ion 2. Th	e scope a	nd com	ponents	of fun	dament	tal hun	ian i	right	S.	
Topic 9. Right to life. Right to health	10	2	2			6	12	2	2		8
Topic 10. Prohibition of torture, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment	11	2	2			7	12	2	2		8
Topic 11. Right to liberty and security of person	10	2	2			6	8				8
Topic 12. Right to respect for private and family life, home and correspondence	10	2	2			6	8				8
Topic 13. Freedom of thought, conscience and religion. Freedom of expression	10	2	2			6	8				8
Topic 14. Freedom of assembly and association	10	2	2			6	8				8
Topic 15. Right to property	7	0	0			7	9				9
Topic 16. Prohibition of discrimination	10	2	2			6	9				9
Total for section 2	78	14	14			50	74	4	4		66
Total hours	150	30	30			90	150	8	6		136

N⁰	Topics	Hours
1.	History of formation and development of ideas about human rights	2
2.	The concept and essence of human rights	2/2
3.	Legal status of a person and a citizen	2
4.	Classification of human rights	2
5.	International mechanism for the protection of human rights	2
6.	International universal mechanism for the protection of human rights	2
7.	International regional mechanism for the protection of human rights	2
8.	Responsibility for human rights violations	2
9.	Right to life. Right to health	2/2
10.	Prohibition of torture, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment	2/2
11.	Right to liberty and security of person	2
12.	Right to respect for private and family life, home and correspondence	2
13.	Freedom of thought, conscience and religion. Freedom of expression	2
14.	Freedom of assembly and association	2
15.	Prohibition of discrimination	2
		<i>In total:</i> 30/6

4. Topics of seminar (practical, laboratory) classes

5. Independent work

Nº	Types, content of independent work	Hours Full- time/part- time
1	Topic: History of formation and development of ideas about human rights Task: to get acquainted with doctrinal sources, lecture material; to answer the control questions in accordance with the topic; to develop presentation material in accordance with the topic.	5/8
2	Topic: The concept and essence of human rights Task: to get acquainted with doctrinal sources, lecture material; to answer the control questions in accordance with the topic; to develop presentation material in accordance with the topic.	5/8
3	Topic: Legal status of a person and a citizen Task: to get acquainted with doctrinal sources, international legal acts, lecture material; to answer the control questions in accordance with the topic; to develop presentation material in accordance with the topic.	5/8

4	Topic: Classification of human rights Task: to get acquainted with doctrinal sources, lecture material; to answer the control questions in accordance with the topic; to	5/8
	develop presentation material in accordance with the topic.	
5	Topic: International mechanism for the protection of human rights Task: to get acquainted with international legal acts, lecture material; to answer the control questions in accordance with the topic; to develop presentation material in accordance with the topic.	5/8
6	Topic: International universal mechanism for the protection of human rightsTask: to get acquainted with international legal acts, lecture material; to answer the control questions in accordance with the topic; to develop presentation material in accordance with the topic.	5/8
7	Topic: International regional mechanism for the protection of human rights Task: to get acquainted with international legal acts, lecture material; to answer the control questions in accordance with the topic; to develop presentation material in accordance with the topic.	5/10
3	Topic: Responsibility for human rights violations Task: to get acquainted with international legal acts, lecture material; to answer the control questions in accordance with the topic; to develop presentation material in accordance with the topic.	5/10
)	Topic: Right to life. Right to health Task: to get acquainted with international legal acts, lecture material; to answer the control questions in accordance with the topic; to develop presentation material in accordance with the topic.	6/8
0	Topic: Prohibition of torture, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment <i>Task: to get acquainted with international legal acts, lecture</i> <i>material; to answer the control questions in accordance with the</i> <i>topic; to develop presentation material in accordance with the topic.</i>	7/8
1	Topic: Right to liberty and security of person Task: to get acquainted with international legal acts, lecture material; to answer the control questions in accordance with the topic; to develop presentation material in accordance with the topic.	6/8
2	Topic: Right to respect for private and family life, home and correspondenceTask: to get acquainted with international legal acts, lecture material; to answer the control questions in accordance with the topic; to develop presentation material in accordance with the topic.	6/8
13	Topic: Freedom of thought, conscience and religion. Freedom of expressionTask: to get acquainted with international legal acts, lecture material; to answer the control questions in accordance with the topic; to develop presentation material in accordance with the topic.	6/8
14	Topic: Freedom of assembly and association <i>Task: to get acquainted with international legal acts, lecture</i> <i>material; to answer the control questions in accordance with the</i> <i>topic; to develop presentation material in accordance with the topic.</i>	6/8

15	Topic: Right to property Task: to get acquainted with international legal acts, lecture material; to answer the control questions in accordance with the topic; to develop presentation material in accordance with the topic.	7/9
16	Topic: Prohibition of discrimination Task: to get acquainted with international legal acts, lecture material; to answer the control questions in accordance with the topic; to develop presentation material in accordance with the topic.	6/9
	Total hours	90/136

6. Individual Tasks

Individual tasks develop skills in performing independent work and contribute to a more in-depth study of theoretical material, the formation of skills in using knowledge to solve relevant practical tasks.

Types of individual tasks in the academic discipline (essays, tests performed during classroom classes and independent work, term papers, theses etc.) are determined by the curriculum. Individual tasks include the preparation of an essay on a topic determined or chosen by the student with the help of a teacher, as well as other types of work approved by the department. The deadlines for the implementation and protection of individual work are determined by the program of the academic discipline.

Individual tasks are performed by the student independently with the necessary consultations from the scientific and pedagogical worker. It is allowed to perform complex works by several persons

6.1. List of topics:

- 1. Adherence to the principle of gender equality in the activities of international bodies and organizations.
- 2. European Court of Human Rights: organization and procedure.
- 3. Right to freedom of expression and journalistic activity.
- 4. The practice of the Committee on the Elimination of Discrimination against Women on the prohibition of discrimination.
- 5. The role of control bodies in the protection of human rights.
- 6. The role of the UN General Assembly in the protection of human rights.
- 7. Activities of the UN Human Rights Committee.
- 8. Status of citizens in international law.
- 9. Case law of the European Court of Human Rights on the right to property.
- 10. Regional treaties on citizenship.
- 11. The status of the European Ombudsman.
- 12. Activities of the UN peacekeeping forces in ensuring human rights during armed conflicts.
- 13. Visits to states by the UN Subcommittee against Torture.
- 14. Concluding observations of the UN Human Rights Committee on the right to life.
- 15. Human rights protection mechanism in Ukraine.
- 16. International monitoring mechanisms for the protection of human rights.
- 17. International legal regulation of the right to information.
- 18. UN Human Rights Council.
- 19. International human rights standards and their implementation in the national legislation.
- 20. Regional systems of international protection of human rights and fundamental freedoms.
- 21. Activities of the Council of Europe in the field of human rights protection.

22. Competence of the UN High Commissioner for Human Rights.

7. Teaching methods

The teaching method is an interrelated activity of the teacher and the student, aimed at the assimilation of the system of knowledge by students, the acquisition of skills and abilities, their education and general development.

Explanatory and illustrative method or informational and receptive method. Students gain knowledge at lectures, educational or methodological literature. Students perceive and comprehend facts, assessments, conclusions and stay within the limits of reproductive thinking. This method is widely used to transmit a large amount of information.

Reproductive method. Students' activities are algorithmic in nature, that is, they are performed according to instructions, prescriptions, rules in situations that are analogous, similar to the sample shown. Students' activities are organized according to the repeated reproduction of the acquired knowledge. For this purpose, a variety of exercises, practical tasks, programmable control, and various forms of self-control are used.

Problem-based presentation method. Before presenting the material, the scientific and pedagogical worker poses a problem, formulates a cognitive task on the basis of various sources and means. He/she shows a way to solve a problem. The way to achieve the goal is to reveal the system of evidence, compare points of view, different approaches. Students become witnesses and participants in scientific research. Students not only perceive, comprehend and memorize ready-made information, but also follow the logic of evidence, the movement of thought of scientific and pedagogical workers.

Partial-search, or heuristic, method. It consists in the organisation of an active search for solutions to the cognitive tasks put forward in the training (or formulated independently). The search for a solution takes place under the guidance of the scientific and pedagogical worker. The thinking process becomes productive. The thinking process is gradually directed and controlled by the academic staff or by the students themselves on the basis of work on programs (including computer programs) and textbooks. The method helps to activate students' thinking and arouse their interest in learning at seminars.

Research method. The material, the formulation of problems and tasks, and brief oral or written instruction of students are analyzed. Students independently study literature, sources, and perform other search activities. Tasks that are performed using the research method should contain all the elements of an independent research process (task statement, justification, assumptions, search for appropriate sources of necessary information, task solution process).

Discussion methods. Elements of discussion (disputes, clashes of positions, deliberate exacerbation and even exaggeration of contradictions in the discussed content) can be used in almost any organizational form of learning, including lectures.

Modeling method. Modeling situations during the educational process is the creation of such situations-models where real objects are replaced by symbols and the relationships between the participants in the activity are not natural, but are organized specifically under the guidance of the scientific and pedagogical worker, that is, artificially.

8. Control methods

Control methods are methods of diagnostic activity that allow for feedback in the learning process in order to obtain data on learning progress and the effectiveness of the educational process.

Control measures determine the compliance of the level of knowledge, skills and abilities acquired by students with the requirements of regulatory documents on higher education.

Self-control is intended for self-assessment by higher education students of the quality of mastering the educational material of the discipline (section, topic). For this purpose, the textbooks

for each topic (section), as well as the methodological developments for seminars, provide questions for self-control.

Departmental control is carried out in order to assess the level of training of students in the discipline at different stages of its study and is carried out in the form of entrance, current, midterm and semester control.

The following types of control of learning outcomes are used in the educational process: entrance, current during the semester, tests provided by the curriculum, acceptance of individual assignments, term papers, final semester, deferred control.

Entrance control is carried out before studying a new course in order to determine the level of training of students in the disciplines that provide this course. Entrance control is carried out at the first lesson on tasks corresponding to the programs of previous training. The results of the control are analyzed at departmental (interdepartmental) meetings and meetings of methodical committees together with scientific and pedagogical staff who conduct classes to ensure discipline. According to the results of the entrance control, measures are being developed to provide individual assistance to students, adjust the educational process.

Current control is carried out on all types of classroom classes during the semester. Current control can be carried out in the form of an oral survey or written control at practical, seminar classes, lectures, in the form of a colloquium, students' speeches when discussing issues in seminar classes, in the form of computer testing, etc. Specific forms of current control and criteria for assessing the level of knowledge are determined by the program of the discipline. The results of the evaluation of students' work should be communicated to students in a timely manner. The form of current control is rector control work. The results of the evaluation of the rector's control works can be counted as the results of the control work provided by the curriculum.

The final semester control in the discipline is a mandatory form of assessment of the student's learning outcomes. It is carried out within the time limits established by the schedule of the educational process, and in the amount of educational material determined by the program of the discipline. Semester control is carried out in the form of a semester credit or semester exam in a specific academic discipline. Students are admitted to semester control if they perform all types of work provided by the curriculum for a semester in this discipline.

Semester credit is a form of final control, which consists in assessing the assimilation of lecture material by students, as well as certain works performed by them at seminar classes. Semester credit does not require the mandatory presence of students, provided that they perform all types of work required by the curriculum for the semester.

Semester exam is a form of final control in a separate academic discipline for a semester, aimed at checking the assimilation of theoretical and practical material. Exams are taken on examination tickets approved by the department. The lecturer must necessarily acquaint students with the content of the examination questions, a sample of the examination ticket at the beginning of the study of the discipline.

The maximum number of points that a student can score when passing an exam in an academic discipline is 40.

The assessment of the final control is set on a national scale as the sum of the points scored by the higher education student during the semester when performing the control measures provided for by the program of the discipline (practice) and points scored during the semester exam.

The maximum number of points that a student can score when studying an academic discipline is 100.

8.1. Questions for current and final control

- 1. The genesis of the formation and development of human rights in international law.
- 2. The creation of the UN is the beginning of a new stage in the development of the concept of human rights.
- 3. Classification of human rights.
- 4. Human rights, freedoms and duties.
- 5. Guarantees of human rights and freedoms.
- 6. The concept, structure of the legal status of a person.
- 7. Human rights and civil rights.
- 8. Grounds for restricting human rights and freedoms.
- 9. Formation and development of the institution of human rights protection in international law.
- 10. The concept and essence of the institution of human rights protection.
- 11. International legal mechanism for the protection of human rights.
- 12. International Human Rights Bill.
- 13. Helsinki Final Act of the CSCE of 1975.
- 14. Convention for the Protection of Human Rights and Fundamental Rights of 1950: general characteristic.
- 15. Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union of 2000.
- 16. American Convention on Human Rights of 1969.
- 17. African Charter on Human and Peoples' Rights of 1981.
- 18. Institutional international legal mechanism for the protection of human rights.
- 19. International human rights bodies.
- 20. Statutory bodies for the protection of human rights.
- 21. Treaty (monitoring) bodies for the protection of human rights: concept, competence, types.
- 22. Universal human rights bodies.
- 23. Regional human rights bodies.
- 24. Non-governmental organizations in the field of human rights protection.
- 25. Correlation of the international and national system of human rights protection.
- 26. Competence of the main UN bodies in the field of human rights.
- 27. Competence of UN institutions in the field of human rights protection.
- 28. UN Human Rights Council: competence, activities.
- 29. UN High Commissioner for Human Rights. Office of the High Commissioner for Human Rights.
- 30. Committee against Torture: competence, complaints procedure.
- 31. Competence of the UN peacekeeping forces to protect certain categories of persons during armed conflicts.
- 32. European Court of Human Rights: competence, procedure for the transfer and consideration of complaints.
- 33. European Ombudsman: competence, legal force of decisions.
- 34. European Committee for the Prevention of Torture and Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment: competence, complaints procedure.
- 35. Judicial protection of rights and freedoms in the European Union.
- 36. Extrajudicial mechanisms for the protection of rights and freedoms in the European Union.
- 37. African Commission on Human and Peoples' Rights: complaints procedure, conditions of admissibility of complaints.
- 38. Grounds, types, forms of liability for human rights violations.
- 39. The duty of states to protect human rights and freedoms.
- 40. Responsibility of states for human rights violations during armed conflicts.

- 41. Responsibility of individuals for violations of human rights and freedoms.
- 42. Competence of international judicial institutions to protect human rights and freedoms.
- 43. The scope and components of the right to life.
- 44. Regulation of the right to life at the international universal and regional levels.
- 45. Obligations of the state regarding the right to life.
- 46. Case law of the European Court of Human Rights on the right to life.
- 47. International legal regulation of the right to health at the international universal and regional levels.
- 48. International legal regulation of patients' rights.
- 49. The right to health of certain categories of persons (women, children, the elderly).
- 50. International control in the field of ensuring the right to health.
- 51. The scope and components of the prohibition of torture, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment.
- 52. Regulation of the prohibition of torture, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment at the international universal and regional levels.
- 53. Obligations of the state to prohibit torture, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment.
- 54. UN Committee against Torture.
- 55. UN Subcommittee on the Prevention of Torture and other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment.
- 56. UN special procedures on the prevention of torture and other cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment.
- 57. European Committee for the Prevention of Torture or Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment.
- 58. Case law of the European Court of Human Rights on the prohibition of torture, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment.
- 59. The scope and components of the right to liberty and security of person.
- 60. The right to compensation for unlawful or arbitrary arrest or detention.
- 61. Regulation of the right to liberty and personal integrity at the international universal and regional levels.
- 62. State obligations regarding the right to liberty and security of person.
- 63. Case law of the European Court of Human Rights on the right to liberty and security of person.
- 64. The scope and components of the right to respect for private and family life, home and correspondence.
- 65. Regulation of the right to respect for private and family life, home and correspondence at the international universal and regional levels.
- 66. State obligations regarding the right to respect for private and family life, home and correspondence.
- 67. Case law of the European Court of Human Rights on the right to respect for private and family life, home and correspondence.
- 68. The scope and components of the right to freedom of thought, conscience and religion.
- 69. Regulation of the right to freedom of thought, conscience and religion at the international universal and regional levels.
- 70. State obligations regarding the right to freedom of thought, conscience and religion.
- 71. Case law of the European Court of Human Rights regarding the right to freedom of thought, conscience and religion.
- 72. The scope and components of the right to freedom of expression.
- 73. The right to access information.
- 74. Restrictions on freedom of expression.
- 75. Regulation of the right to freedom of expression at the international universal and regional levels.
- 76. State obligations regarding the right to freedom of expression.

- 77. Case law of the European Court of Human Rights on the right to freedom of expression.
- 78. The scope and components of the right to freedom of assembly and association.
- 79. Regulation of the right to freedom of assembly and association at the international universal and regional levels.
- 80. State obligations regarding the right to freedom of assembly and association.
- 81. Restrictions of the right of peaceful assembly.
- 82. Assemblies (gathering) during a state of emergency and armed conflict.
- 83. Case law of the European Court of Human Rights on the right to freedom of assembly and association.
- 84. The scope and components of the right to property.
- 85. Regulation of the right to property at the international universal and regional levels.
- 86. State obligations regarding the right to property.
- 87. Case law of the European Court of Human Rights on the right to property.
- 88. The scope and components of the prohibition of discrimination.
- 89. Regulation of the prohibition of discrimination at the international universal and regional levels.
- 90. State obligations to prohibit discrimination.
- 91. Case law of the European Court of Human Rights on the prohibition of discrimination.
- 92. UN Committee on the Elimination of Racial Discrimination. UN Committee on the Elimination of Discrimination against Women.
- 93. European Commission against Racism and Intolerance.
- 94. PACE Committee on Equality and Non-Discrimination.

9. Scoring scheme

Example for the final control during the semester

Full-time (distance) mode of study

The total number of points is 100. The number of points for the exam is 40. Number of points during the semester - 60: Number of points for answers at seminars - 40: Formula about

$$\Sigma 40 = \frac{\Sigma 1}{\Sigma 2}$$
 (eight)

Note:

 $\Sigma 40$ - the sum of the maximum number of points

 $\Sigma 1$ - the sum of the points received by the student for answers to practical (seminar) classes. $\Sigma 2$ the number of practical (seminary) classes during the semester.

8 is the coefficient

Control work - 20 points.

Current control, independ					
	Control work	Individual task	Total	Final test	Total
T1-2 T3-5 T6-7 T8 T9 T1					
40	20	-	60	40	100

T1, T2 ... - topics sections

Exam (final test) scoring criteria

The exam is conducted in the form of a written work consisting of 40 test tasks on the topics provided by the syllabus within the questions for the final control. Each correct answer to one test task is rated at 1 point. The maximum number of points scored during the final exam is 40.

Control work scoring criteria

The control work is conducted in the form of a written work consisting of 20 test tasks on the topics provided by the syllabus within the questions for the final control. Each correct answer to one test task is rated at 1 point. The maximum number of points scored is 10.

Oral response scoring criteria

Criteria for evaluating oral answers.

The answer to the seminar is 1-5 points.

The current control is carried out, in particular, in the form of a survey and verification of the results of speeches at seminars and practical classes in a five-point scale of assessments.

5 points are put under the following conditions:

- the student actively works during all practical lessons;

- gives a complete, correct, consistent, coherent, substantiated statement of the issue, accompanied by correct examples and a reference to the current legislation;

- all that is taught should indicate a profound understanding and orientation in the phenomena and processes being studied;

- correct comprehensive answers to additional questions of the teacher.

4 points are put under the following conditions:

- the student actively works during the practical training;

- gives a correct, complete statement of the content of the textbook and the material provided by the teacher, but additional control questions that the teacher sets to clarify the depth of understanding and ability to navigate in phenomena and processes, responds only with some help from a teacher or colleagues;

- insufficiently comprehensive answers to additional questions of the teacher.

3 points are put under the following conditions:

- a student behaves passively in the classroom, responds only to the challenge of a teacher;

- in general, reveals the knowledge of the main study material under consideration, but during the answer makes mistakes and recognizes them only after the instruction of the teacher;

- Answers to the questions do not immediately, but only after some tension of memory, with what answers are fuzzy;

- not able to deduce the relationship with other problems of the discipline without the help of the teacher;

2 points are put under the following conditions:

- admits significant errors or completely misses the material and partially corrects these errors only after the instruction of the teacher;

- the student reveals the lack of knowledge of a significant part of the educational material, illogical and uncertainly teaches him, in the answer there are humps and breaks, can not explain the problem, although he understands it;

- the teaching material is not sufficiently connected and consistent.

1 point is put under the following conditions:

- the student assumes gross errors in the presentation of the material and does not correct these errors, even if they instruct them on the teacher; - reveals a lack of understanding of the educational material and, as a result, a complete lack of skills in the analysis of phenomena, and in the further implementation of practical tasks.

	Grading scale				
The amount of points for all types of educational activities	Score on a national scale				
during the semester	for an exam	for a final test			
90 - 100	Excellent				
70-89	Good	Credited			
50-69	Satisfactory				
1-49	Unsatisfactory	Not credited			

10. Recommended literature

International legal acts:

- 1. Закон України «Про біженців та осіб, які потребують додаткового або тимчасового захисту». URL: http://zakon2.rada.gov.ua/laws/show/3671-17 (дата звернення: 28.08.2022).
- 2. Arusha Declaration on Good Prison Practice of 1999. URL: https://www.penalreform.org/resource/arusha-declaration-good-prison-practice/ (date of access: 28.08.2022).
- 3. Basic Principles for the Treatment of Prisoners adopted by UN General Assembly resolution 45/111 of 14 December 1990. URL: https://www.ohchr.org/sites/default/files/basicprinciples.pdf (date of access: 28.08.2022).
- 4. Code of Judicial Ethics (International Criminal Court). URL: https://www.icc-cpi.int/sites/default/files/2022-10/A5-09.Code%20of%20Judicial%20Ethics-EN-v.3.pdf (date of access: 28.08.2022).
- 5. Convention for the Protection of Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms of 1950. URL: https://www.echr.coe.int/documents/convention_eng.pdf (date of access: 28.08.2022).
- Convention on Consent to Marriage, Minimum Age for Marriage and Registration of Marriages adopted by UN General Assembly resolution 1763 A (XVII) of 07 November 1962. URL: https://www.ohchr.org/sites/default/files/convention.pdfdate of access: 28.08.2022).
- 7. Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women adopted by UN General Assembly of 18 December 1979. URL: https://www.ohchr.org/en/instruments-mechanisms/instruments/convention-elimination-all-forms-discrimination-against-women (date of access: 28.08.2022).

- Convention on the Rights of the Child adopted by UN General Assembly resolution 44/25 of 20 November 1989. URL: https://www.ohchr.org/sites/default/files/crc.pdf (date of access: 28.08.2022).
- 9. Convention relating to the Status of Refugees of 1951. URL: https://www.ohchr.org/sites/default/files/refugees.pdf (date of access: 28.08.2022).
- 10. Declaration of Basic Principles of Justice for Victims of Crime and Abuse of Power adopted by UN General Assembly resolution 40/34 of 29 November 1985. URL: https://www.ohchr.org/en/instruments-mechanisms/instruments/declaration-basic-principlesjustice-victims-crime-and-abuse (date of access: 28.08.2022).
- 11. Declaration on the Elimination of Violence against Women adopted by UN General Assembly resolution 48/104 of 20 December 1993. URL: https://www.ohchr.org/en/instruments-mechanisms/instruments/declaration-elimination-violence-against-women (date of access: 28.08.2022).
- 12. Declaration on the Police adopted by the PACE on 8 May 1979. URL: https://assembly.coe.int/nw/xml/XRef/Xref-XML2HTML-en.asp?fileid=16101 (date of access: 28.08.2022).
- 13. Declaration on the Protection of Women and Children in Emergency and Armed Conflict adopted by UN General Assembly resolution 3318 (XXIX) of 14 December 1974. URL: https://www.ohchr.org/sites/default/files/protectionwomen.pdf (date of access: 28.08.2022).
- 14. Declaration on the Rights of Disabled Persons adopted by UN General Assembly resolution 3447 (XXX) of 09 December 1975. URL: https://www.ohchr.org/en/instruments-mechanisms/instruments/declaration-rights-disabled-persons (date of access: 28.08.2022).
- 15. Declaration on the Rights of Mentally Retarded Persons adopted by UN General Assembly resolution 2856 (XXVI) of 20 December 1971. URL: https://www.ohchr.org/en/instruments-mechanisms/instruments/declaration-rights-mentally-retarded-persons (date of access: 28.08.2022).
- 16. Declaration on the Rights of Persons Belonging to National or Ethnic, Religious and Linguistic Minorities adopted by General Assembly resolution 47/135 of 18 December 1992. URL: https://www.ohchr.org/fr/instruments-mechanisms/instruments/declaration-rightspersons-belonging-national-or-ethnic (date of access: 28.08.2022).
- 17. Declaration on the Right and Responsibility of Individuals, Groups and Organs of Society to Promote and Protect Universally Recognized Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms adopted by UN General Assembly resolution 53/144 of 09 December 1998. URL: https://www.ohchr.org/en/instruments-mechanisms/instruments/declaration-right-and-responsibility-individuals-groups-and (date of access: 28.08.2022).
- 18. European Convention on the Legal Status of Migrant Workers of 1977 (Council of Europe, ETS 93). URL: https://rm.coe.int/1680077323 (date of access: 28.08.2022).
- 19. Geneva Convention relative to the Protection of Civilian Persons in Time of War of 1949. URL: https://www.ohchr.org/en/instruments-mechanisms/instruments/geneva-convention-relative-protection-civilian-persons-time-war (date of access: 28.08.2022).
- 20. Geneva Convention relative to the Treatment of Prisoners of War of 1949. URL: https://www.ohchr.org/en/instruments-mechanisms/instruments/geneva-convention-relative-treatment-prisoners-war (date of access: 28.08.2022).
- 21. Guide on Article 3 of the European Convention on Human Rights. Prohibition of torture (European Court of Human Rights). URL: https://www.echr.coe.int/Documents/Guide_Art_3_ENG.pdf (date of access: 28.08.2022).
- 22. Guide on Article 6 of the European Convention on Human Rights. Right to a fair trial (European Court of Human Rights). URL: https://www.echr.coe.int/documents/guide_art_6_eng.pdf (date of access: 28.08.2022).
- 23. Guide on Article 7 of the European Convention on Human Rights. No punishment without law (European Court of Human Rights). URL: https://www.echr.coe.int/Documents/Guide Art 7 ENG.pdf (date of access: 28.08.2022).

- 24. Guide on the case-law of the European Convention on Human Rights. Prisoners' rights (European Court of Human Rights). URL: https://www.echr.coe.int/Documents/Guide_Prisoners_rights_ENG.pdf (date of access: 28.08.2022).
- 25. Guidelines for Action on Children in the Criminal Justice System adopted by UN Economic and Social Council resolution 1997/30 of 21 July 1997. URL: https://www.ohchr.org/sites/default/files/system.pdf (date of access: 28.08.2022).
- 26. Guidelines on Justice in Matters involving Child Victims and Witnesses of Crime adopted by UN Economic and Social Council resolution 2005/20 of 22 July 2005. URL: https://www.un.org/en/ecosoc/docs/2005/resolution%202005-20.pdf (date of access: 28.08.2022).
- 27. Handbook on Prisoners with special needs. Criminal justice handbook series. New York: United Nations, 2009. 179 p (date of access: 28.08.2022).
- 28. Kampala Declaration on Prison Conditions in Africa. URL: https://www.penalreform.org/resource/kampala-declaration-prison-conditions-africa/ (date of access: 28.08.2022).
- 29. Model Strategies and Practical Measures on the Elimination of Violence against Women in the Field of Crime Prevention and Criminal Justice adopted by UN General Assembly resolution 52/86 of 12 December 1997. URL: https://www.unodc.org/documents/justice-and-prison-

reform/crimeprevention/Model_Strategies_and_Practical_Measures_on_the_Elimination_of_ Violence_against_Women_in_the_Field_of_CP_and_CJ.pdf (date of access: 28.08.2022).

- Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women adopted by UN General Assembly resolution A/RES/54/4 of 06 October 1999. URL: https://www.ohchr.org/sites/default/files/2021-08/OP_CEDAW_en.pdf (date of access: 28.08.2022).
- 31. Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Rights of the Child on a communications procedure adopted by UN General Assembly resolution A/RES/66/138 of 19 December 2011. URL: https://www.ohchr.org/sites/default/files/CTC_4-11d.pdf (date of access: 28.08.2022).
- 32. Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Rights of the Child on the sale of children, child prostitution and child pornography adopted by UN General Assembly resolution A/RES/54/263 of 25 May 2000. URL: https://www.ohchr.org/sites/default/files/crc-sale.pdf (date of access: 28.08.2022).
- 33. Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Rights of the Child on the involvement of children in armed conflict adopted by UN General Assembly resolution A/RES/54/263 of 25 May 2000. URL: https://www.ohchr.org/sites/default/files/crc-conflict.pdf (date of access: 28.08.2022).
- 34. Principles on the Effective Investigation and Documentation of Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment adopted by UN General Assembly resolution of 04 December 2000. URL: https://www.ohchr.org/en/instrumentsmechanisms/instruments/principles-effective-investigation-and-documentation-torture-and (date of access: 28.08.2022).
- 35. Proclamation on Ageing adopted by UN General Assembly resolution 47/5 of 16 October 1992. URL: https://www.un.org/development/desa/ageing/resources/international-year-of-older-persons-1999/resolution-475.html (date of access: 28.08.2022).
- 36. Protocol Additional to the Geneva Conventions of 12 August 1949, and Relating to the Protection of Victims of Non-International Armed Conflicts (Protocol II) of 08 June 1977. URL: https://www.ohchr.org/sites/default/files/protocol2.pdf (date of access: 28.08.2022).
- 37. Protocol Additional to the Geneva Conventions of 12 August 1949, and relating to the Protection of Victims of International Armed Conflicts (Protocol 1) of 08 June 1977. URL: https://www.ohchr.org/en/instruments-mechanisms/instruments/protocol-additional-geneva-

conventions-12-august-1949-and (date of access: 28.08.2022).

- 38. The European Code of Police Ethics Recommendation Rec10 and explanatory memorandum (Council of Europe). URL: https://polis.osce.org/european-code-police-ethics (date of access: 28.08.2022).
- 39. United Nations Principles and Guidelines on Access to Legal Aid in Criminal Justice Systems adopted by UN General Assembly resolution 67/187 of 20 December 2012. URL: https://www.unodc.org/documents/justice-and-prison-reform/UN_principles_and_guidlines on access to legal aid.pdf (date of access: 28.08.2022).
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- 41. United Nations Standard Minimum Rules for the Treatment of Prisoners of 1955. URL: https://www.unodc.org/pdf/criminal_justice/UN_Standard_Minimum_Rules_for_the_Treatm ent_of_Prisoners.pdf (date of access: 28.08.2022).
- 42. United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples adopted by UN General Assembly resolution 61/295 of 13 September 2007. URL: https://www.un.org/development/desa/indigenouspeoples/wp-content/uploads/sites/19/2019/01/UNDRIP E web.pdf (date of access: 28.08.2022).
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- 44. WMA Declaration of Malta on Hunger Strikers. URL: https://elearning.icrc.org/detention/en/story_content/external_files/Malta%20Declaration.pdf (date of access: 28.08.2022).
- 45. Worst Forms of Child Labour Convention (No. 182) of 1999. URL: https://www.ilo.org/dyn/normlex/en/f?p=NORMLEXPUB:12100:0::NO::P12100_ILO_COD E:C182 (date of access: 28.08.2022).

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- 11. Сироїд Т.Л. Міжнародні стандарти в галузі забезпечення права на здоров'я та практика їхнього застосування: навч. посіб. Харків: Право, 2021. 166 с.
- 12. Сироїд Т. Л., Фоміна Л. О. Міжнародне право прав людини: підручник. Київ: Юрінком Інтер, 2023. 564 с.

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11. Links to information resources on the Internet, video lectures, other methodological support:

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- 14. Organization of American States. URL: https://www.oas.org/ (date of access: 29.08.2023).
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