

Ministry of Education and Science of Ukraine
V.N. Karazin Kharkiv National University
Department of Constitutional and Municipal Law



The work program of the discipline
CONSTITUTIONAL LAW OF UKRAINE

Level of academic	degree first (bachelor degree level)
Subject area	29 International Relations
Special field	293 International Law
Program of Study	International Law
Area of study	Compulsory discipline
Department	School of Law

2024/2025 academic year

The program is recommended for approval by the Academic Council of School of Law
«28» of August 2024, Protocol № 1

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The program was approved at the meeting of the Department of Constitutional and Municipal Law
Protocol «26» of August 2024 № 11

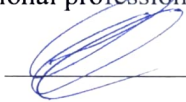
Head of Department
Constitutional and Municipal Law



Mark VORONOV

The program is approved by the guarantor of the educational professional program International

Law Guarantor of the educational professional program



Lina FOMINA

The program is approved by the Methodological Committee of School of Law Protocol of «28» of
August 2024 № 1

Head of the Methodical Committee of School of Law



Hanna ZUBENKO

INTRODUCTION

The curriculum program "Constitutional Law of Ukraine" is compiled in accordance with the educational-professional program of preparation of bachelors of specialty 293 International Law

1. Description of the discipline

1.1. Purpose of teaching discipline

The purpose of teaching the discipline is to train specialists with a wide range of knowledge on the basics of theory and practice of constitutional and legal regulation of social relations, possessing the practical skills necessary for their professional activity to solve specific problems in the field of constitutional law; able to independently and competently orient themselves in modern constitutional-legal relations, to take well-balanced, constitutionally grounded decisions within the framework of their professional competence.

1.2. The main tasks of studying the discipline

The main tasks of studying the discipline is the formation of such general and professional competencies:

- GC 9. The ability to realize one's rights and responsibilities as a member of society, to realize the values of a civil (free democratic) society and the need for its sustainable development, the rule of law, the rights and freedoms of a person and a citizen in Ukraine.

- GC 11. The ability to make decisions and act in compliance with the principle of inadmissibility of corruption and any other manifestations of dishonesty.

- PC 3. The ability to protect the national interests of one's own state and human rights with the help of international legal instruments and mechanisms.

- PC 7. Ability to provide legal options and consultations on issues national law of Ukraine and the law of other states, predict and assess legal risk of foreign policy and foreign economic initiatives and ways of minimizing them.

- PC 8. Ability to conduct discussions and debates on international legal and general legal issues, prepare cases for consideration in Ukrainian, foreign international courts and arbitrations.

- PC 12. Delighted to solve complex specialized task and problems in international legal and national legal activities.

1.3. Amount of credits - 5;

1.4. Total hours is 150.

1.5. Characteristics of the discipline	
Normative	
Full-time study form	Part-time (distance) form of study
Year of preparation	
1nd	1nd
Semester	
2nd	2nd
Lectures	
32 hours	6 hours
Practical, seminars	
32 hours	4 hours
Independent work	
86 hours	140 hours
Individual task (incl.)	
10 hours	10 hours

1.6. Program learning outcomes

According to the requirements of the educational and professional program, students must achieve the following learning outcomes:

PLO 3. To understand the historical context of the formation of international legal norms and institutions and values and delaying them to predict the main directions of the development of international and national law.

PLO 4. To analyze the dynamics of the adaptation of Ukrainian legislation to the law of the European Union, to take into account the legal aspect of the processes of the European Union and Euro-Atlantic integration when solving complex professional problems.

PLO 5. Carry out a comparative analysis of legal systems, evaluate and argue their shortcomings and advantage, find the interpret relevant foreign legislation, provide advice on its content and practice of application, asses and minimize the risk of significant legal actions taken into account the plurality of legal system and jurisdictions.

PLO 10. Communicate freely on professional is CEOs in the state and foreign languages orally and in writing, use legal terminology professionally.

PLO 15. Use modern digital technologies, collect from various sources, systematize and analyze information on international and national legal processes and phenomena.

PLO 19. Independently determine educational goals and learning trajectories find the necessary educational resources for this.

2. Thematic plan of the discipline

Section 1. The general theory of constitutionalism. Constitutional and legal status of a person and institutions of civil society in Ukraine

TOPIC 1. Constitutional law of Ukraine as the leading branch of the national system of law

Concept of Constitutional Law of Ukraine as a branch of law. The place and role of constitutional law in the national system of law of Ukraine. Subject and method of constitutional-legal regulation in Ukraine. The concept of constitutional-legal relations, their features and types. Subjects and objects of constitutional-legal relations: concepts, features, types. The system of constitutional law of Ukraine. Concepts and types of institutes of constitutional law of Ukraine. Constitutional-legal norms. Sources of constitutional law of Ukraine as a branch of law.

TOPIC 2. Constitutional law of Ukraine as a branch of legal science and educational discipline

The subject of science is the constitutional law of Ukraine, its distinction from the same field of law. Tasks and functions of the science of constitutional law. Methodology of Constitutional and Legal Science. Sources of science of constitutional law. Development of the science of constitutional law of Ukraine in pre-revolutionary (until 1917), Soviet period (1917-1991) and at the present stage (after 1991). Actual questions of science of constitutional law of Ukraine at the present stage. Constitutional Law of Ukraine as an educational discipline, its subject, functions, connection with the same science.

TOPIC 3. The Constitution of Ukraine as the Basic Law of Society and State

The concept and essence of the constitution. Concept and general history of world constitutionalism. Legal and factual constitution. Legal constitution in the formal and material sense of the word. Subject of regulation of the constitution. Constitution as a public value. Legal properties of the constitution. Functions of the constitution. History of Ukrainian Constitutionalism. Constitutional process in independent Ukraine. Legal characteristic of the current Constitution of

Ukraine. The procedure for amending the Constitution of Ukraine. Political and constitutional reforms in Ukraine at the present stage.

TOPIC 4. Principles of the constitutional order of Ukraine.

Concept of the constitutional order, its features and conditions. The relationship between the constitutional order and the social order and state policy. The consolidation of the constitutional order in the Constitution and the current legislation of Ukraine. The economic system of Ukraine and its constitutional-legal regulation. Constitutional-legal principles of social policy of the state and their realization. Constitutional-legal foundations of spiritual and cultural relations. Concepts and signs of the principles of the constitutional order. The system and content of the principles that form the foundations of the constitutional order of Ukraine.

Concepts, types and functions of state symbols. Procedure of development and approval of state symbols of Ukraine. The consolidation of state symbols in the Constitution of Ukraine.

State symbols of Ukraine: State Coat of Arms, State Flag, State Anthem. Description of the state symbols of Ukraine and the order of their use. The duty to respect the state symbols of Ukraine. Liability for abuse over the state symbols of Ukraine.

TOPIC 5. Constitutional-legal liability

The concept of constitutional-legal liability. Conformity of the constitutional law with other types of legal liability and with political liability. Concepts of Constitutional and Legal Liability. Retrospective (negative) and prospective (positive) constitutional-legal liability.

Constitutional-legal delinquency as the basis of "retrospective" constitutional-legal liability. Subjects of constitutional-legal liability. Forms and grounds of constitutional-legal liability. Constitutional-legal sanctions.

TOPIC 6. Constitutional-legal status of citizens of Ukraine

The concept of the legal status of a person, his types and elements. Concepts and elements of the constitutional-legal status of a person. General and special principles of the legal status of a person in Ukraine. Basic (constitutional) rights and freedoms: concepts, attributes, types. Evolution of constitutional rights and freedoms. Subjects of constitutional rights and freedoms. Concepts, features and classification of the basic duties of citizens of Ukraine.

Guarantees of realization of basic rights and freedoms of Ukrainian citizens. Features of the legal status of certain categories of Ukrainian citizens. Constitutional-legal status of national minorities in Ukraine. Constitutional-legal status of internally displaced persons.

Concept and signs of citizenship. Principles of citizenship of Ukraine. Categories of persons belonging to the citizenship of Ukraine. Documents attesting to belonging to the citizenship of Ukraine. Acquisition and termination of citizenship of Ukraine. The system of bodies involved in the resolution of issues of Ukrainian citizenship, their competence. Procedures on Citizenship of Ukraine.

TOPIC 7. Constitutional-legal status of foreigners and stateless persons in Ukraine

The notions and categories of foreigners and stateless persons in Ukraine, the grounds for their stay in Ukraine. Principles of legal status of foreigners and stateless persons in Ukraine.

Basic rights, freedoms and duties of foreigners and stateless persons in Ukraine. Responsibility of foreigners and stateless persons in Ukraine. Features of the legal status of refugees and those who need additional or temporary protection in Ukraine. The procedure for recognition as a refugee or himself, who needs additional protection. Loss, deprivation of refugee status and additional protection.

TOPIC 8. Constitutional-legal status of public formations in Ukraine

The right to unite as a political right of Ukrainian citizens. Concepts, features and types of public formations. Restrictions on the creation and operation of public formations. The procedure for the creation and termination of the activities of public formations. Membership in community

formations. Constitutional and legal status of political parties, public associations and religious organizations in Ukraine. State control and supervision of activities of public organizations in Ukraine. Responsibility of public groups, their founders and participants.

TOPIC 9. Constitutional-legal status of mass media in Ukraine

The concept of information. Information policy in Ukraine. Types and areas of information. Sources. Information activities. Mode of access to information. The procedure for the creation and operation of mass media in Ukraine. The constitutional and legal status of the media in Ukraine. Legal status of the editor and journalist. Relations between the state and the media. The liability of the media.

Section 2. Constitutional forms of direct democracy in Ukraine. Constitutional and legal principles of the organization of public authority in Ukraine

TOPIC 10. Constitutional-legal foundations of Referendums in Ukraine

Concept and social role of the referendum. Signs and types of referendums in Ukraine. Constitutional-legal regulation of referendums in Ukraine. The subject of the referendum in Ukraine. The right to participate in referendums in Ukraine. The procedure for preparing and holding a referendum, its main stages. Material and financial support of the referendum.

Procedure for the formation and authority of commissions for the preparation and holding of a referendum. The procedure for voting in the referendum and determination of its results. Legal consequences of a referendum.

TOPIC 11. Constitutional-legal foundations of elections in Ukraine

Concepts, features and types of elections in Ukraine, their constitutional-legal regulation.

Social functions of elections. The concept of electoral law and its basic principles. Objective and subjective electoral law. Principles of Election Law. Election qualifications in Ukraine. Electoral system (in the broad and narrow sense). Electoral systems in Ukraine. Election Commissions in Ukraine, their system, order of formation and authority. Election process, its main principles and stages. Subjects of the electoral process in Ukraine.

TOPIC 12. Constitutional-legal status of the Verkhovna Rada of Ukraine and its bodies

The Verkhovna Rada of Ukraine as the only legislative body. The concept of parliament and parliamentarism. Social purpose and political role of parliament. The procedure for the formation of the Verkhovna Rada of Ukraine and its structure. Functions and competence of the Verkhovna Rada of Ukraine. Parliamentary procedures. Legislative process in Ukraine and its main stages. Subject and forms of parliamentary control. Acts of the Verkhovna Rada of Ukraine. Constitutional and legal status of people's deputies of Ukraine. Rights, obligations and guarantees of activity of people's deputies of Ukraine.

Constitutional and legal status of the leadership of the Verkhovna Rada of Ukraine. The procedure for the formation, composition and powers of committees and temporary committees of the Verkhovna Rada of Ukraine. The constitutional-legal status of people's deputies groups and factions in the Verkhovna Rada of Ukraine. The staff of the Verkhovna Rada of Ukraine, its structure and functions. Constitutional and legal status of the Commissioner of the Verkhovna Rada of Ukraine on human rights. Constitutional and legal status of the Accounting Chamber.

TOPIC 13. Constitutional-legal status of the President of Ukraine

Social purpose and political role of the head of state in the system of higher bodies of the state. President of Ukraine as the sole head of state. The order of replacement of the head of state. Symbols of the presidential power. The grounds and procedure for early termination of powers of the President of Ukraine. Functions and competence of the President of Ukraine.

Guarantees of the activities of the President of Ukraine. System of subsidiary bodies under the President of Ukraine.

TOPIC 14. Constitutional-legal status of executive bodies in Ukraine

The procedure for the formation and structure of the Cabinet of Ministers of Ukraine. Relations between the Cabinet of Ministers of Ukraine and the President of Ukraine, the Verkhovna Rada of Ukraine, central and local executive authorities. Functions and competence of the Cabinet of Ministers of Ukraine. The procedure of the Cabinet of Ministers of Ukraine.

Concepts and types of central executive bodies. Procedure for the establishment, reorganization and liquidation of central executive authorities. System, structure, functions and competence of central and local executive authorities.

TOPIC 15. Constitutional-legal status of judicial authorities in Ukraine

The concept of the judiciary and justice. Principles of the implementation of justice in Ukraine. Constitutional principles of legal proceedings. Judiciary in Ukraine. "Branches" of the judiciary. The order of the formation of courts. Organizational fundamentals of the system of courts of general jurisdiction. Constitutional and legal status of judges. Participation of professional judges and jurors in the administration of justice. The procedure for taking a position of a judge of a court of general jurisdiction. Termination of the powers of the judge of the court of general jurisdiction. Judicial self-government. Organizational support for the activity of courts. Constitutional and legal status of the Supreme Council for Justice.

TOPIC 16. Constitutional status of the Constitutional Court of Ukraine

Concept of constitutional jurisdiction and Constitutional Control. Types of constitutional control in Ukraine. The Constitutional Court of Ukraine as the only body of constitutional jurisdiction. The procedure for the formation of the Constitutional Court of Ukraine. Functions and competence of the Constitutional Court of Ukraine. Constitutional proceedings, its forms and stages. Acts of the Constitutional Court of Ukraine. Constitutional-legal status of judges of the Constitutional Court of Ukraine.

TOPIC 17. Constitutional-legal foundations of the territorial system in Ukraine

Concept of the territorial structure of the state. Ukraine as a unitary state. State and administrative-territorial structure of Ukraine. Principles of the administrative-territorial system of Ukraine. Types of administrative-territorial units. Autonomy in Ukraine. Features of the constitutional and legal status of the cities of Kyiv and Sevastopol as part of Ukraine. Administrative-territorial reform in Ukraine.

TOPIC 18. Constitutional-legal foundations of local self-government in Ukraine

The concept of local self-government, its social purpose and political role. Basic concepts of local self-government. The principle of recognition and guaranteeing local self-government as one of the foundations of the constitutional system of Ukraine. Principles of local self-government in Ukraine. The system of local self-government in Ukraine. Territorial community as the primary subject of local self-government. Constitutional and legal status of bodies and officials of local self-government. Guarantees of local self-government in Ukraine.

3. Structure of the discipline

Title of sections and topics	Number of hours											
	full-time(distance) form						Extramural form					
	all	including					all	including				
		l	p	lab	individ.	Independ.		l	p	lab	individ.	independ.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Section 1. The general theory of constitutionalism. Constitutional and legal status of a person and institutions of civil society in Ukraine												
Topic 1. Constitutional law of Ukraine as the leading branch of the national system of law	8	2	2			4	10	2	2			6
Topic 2. Constitutional law of Ukraine as a branch of legal science and educational discipline	6					6	6					6
Topic 3. The Constitution of Ukraine as the Basic Law of society and state	10	2	2			4	8					8
Topic 4. Foundations of the constitutional order of Ukraine	8	2	2			4	8					8
Topic 5. Constitutional-legal liability	8	2	2			4	8					8
Topic 6. Constitutional-legal status of citizens of Ukraine	10	2	2			6	10					10
Topic 7. Constitutional-legal status of foreigners and	8	2	2			4	8					8

stateless persons in Ukraine												
Topic 8. Constitutional-legal status of public formations in Ukraine	8	2	2			4	8					8
Topic 9. Constitutional-legal status of mass media in Ukraine	8	2	2			4	8					8
Together in Section 1	74	16	16			42	74	2	2			70
Section 2. Constitutional forms of direct democracy in Ukraine. Constitutional and legal foundations of the organization of public authority in Ukraine												
Topic 10. Constitutional-legal foundations of referendums in Ukraine	6					6	6					6
Topic 11. Constitutional-legal foundations of elections in Ukraine	10	2	2			6	10	2				8
Theme 12. Constitutional and legal status of the Verkhovna Rada of Ukraine	10	2	2			6	12	2	2			8
Topic 13. Constitutional-legal status of the President of Ukraine	8	2	2			4	8					8
Topic 14. Constitutional-legal status of executive bodies in Ukraine	8	2	2			4	8					8
Topic 15. Constitutional-legal status of judicial	8	2	2			4	8					8

authorities in Ukraine												
Topic 16. Constitutional-legal status of the Constitutional Court of Ukraine	8	2	2			4	8					8
Topic 17. Constitutional-legal foundations of the territorial system in Ukraine	8	2	2			4	8					8
Topic 18. Constitutional-legal foundations of local self-government in Ukraine	10	2	2			6	8					8
Total in Section 2	76	16	16			44	76	4	2			70
Total hours	150	32	32			87	150	6	4			140

4. Topics of seminars

№	Name of topic	Number of hours	
		Day	Distance
1	Constitutional law of Ukraine as the leading branch of the national system of law	2	2
2	The Constitution of Ukraine as the Basic Law of society and state	2	-
3	Foundations of the constitutional order of Ukraine	2	-
4	Constitutional-legal liability	2	-
5	Constitutional-legal status of citizens of Ukraine	2	-
6	Constitutional-legal status of foreigners and stateless persons in Ukraine	2	-
7	Constitutional-legal status of public formations in Ukraine	2	-
8	Constitutional-legal status of mass media in Ukraine	2	-
9	Constitutional-legal foundations of elections in Ukraine	2	-
10	Constitutional and legal status of the Verkhovna Rada of Ukraine	2	2
11	Constitutional-legal status of the President of Ukraine	2	-
12	Constitutional-legal status of executive bodies in Ukraine	2	-
13	Constitutional-legal status of judicial authorities in Ukraine	2	-
14	Constitutional-legal status of the Constitutional Court of Ukraine	2	-

15	Constitutional-legal foundations of the territorial system in Ukraine	2	-
16	Constitutional-legal foundations of local self-government in Ukraine	2	-
Together		32	4

5. Tasks for independent work

№	Title of topic	Number of hours	
		Day	Distance
1	Constitutional law of Ukraine as the leading branch of the national system of law	4	6
2	Constitutional law of Ukraine as a branch of legal science and educational discipline	6	6
3	The Constitution of Ukraine as the Basic Law of society and state	4	8
4	Foundations of the constitutional order of Ukraine	4	8
5	Constitutional-legal liability	4	8
6	Constitutional-legal status of citizens of Ukraine	6	10
7	Constitutional-legal status of foreigners and stateless persons in Ukraine	4	8
8	Constitutional-legal status of public formations in Ukraine	4	8
9	Constitutional-legal status of mass media in Ukraine	4	8
10	Constitutional-legal foundations of referendums in Ukraine	6	6
11	Constitutional-legal foundations of elections in Ukraine	6	8
12	Constitutional and legal status of the Verkhovna Rada of Ukraine	6	8
13	Constitutional-legal status of the President of Ukraine	4	8
14	Constitutional-legal status of executive bodies in Ukraine	4	8
15	Constitutional-legal status of executive bodies in Ukraine	4	8
16	Constitutional-legal status of the Constitutional Court of Ukraine	4	8
17	Constitutional-legal foundations of the territorial system in Ukraine	4	8
18	Constitutional-legal foundations of local self-government in Ukraine	6	8
Together		86	140

6. Individual tasks

10 hours

Individual tasks develop opportunities for independent work and contribute to more indepth study of theoretical material, the formation of skills for using knowledge to solve appropriate practical tasks.

Individual tasks are the preparation of a theme or the presentation of a defined or chosen student with the help of a teacher. Terms of issue, execution and protection of individual tasks are determined by the curriculum.

An individual task is performed in the form of a presentation.

For the presentation the student can get 5 points.

Rules for presentations

Creation of presentations is one of the forms of research work, which is carried out during independent work with the obtaining of necessary consultations on the part of scientific and pedagogical worker.

The presentation is executed using the Microsoft Office PowerPoint program and should consist of at least 15 slides.

The material on the slide can be divided into main and secondary. The main one should be highlighted so that when displaying a slide, he carried the main semantic load: the size of the text or object, color, special effects, the order of appearance on the screen. Additional material is intended to emphasize the main idea of the slide.

Different types of objects are recommended for different font sizes. The title of the slide is better to write the font size 22-28, the subtitle and signature data in the diagrams - 20-24, text, captions and headings of the axes in the charts, information in the tables - 18-22.

Use bold or underlined font to highlight the title, keywords. For registration of secondary information and comments - italics. On all presentation slides, use the same name font.

For a good reception of the presentation from any distance in the hall, it is best to type the text in the font Arial, Bookman Old Style, Calibri, Tahoma, Times New Roman or Verdana.

1. On the first slide, the name of the MES, the name of the university, the department, the surname, the name and patronymic of the student and the topic of the presentation, the number of the training group should be indicated.

2. On the second slide, the presentation content is presented.

3. On other slides - filling the theme.

4. In the text on the slides, words that are not widely used (UN, EU, OSCE, etc.) are not allowed.

5. Slides should be theses. To provide a presentation of PowerPoint visibility and, if necessary, the colorfulness of some slides, you can place different diagrams, graphics, photographs, drawings, collages. Inserted photos or pictures should be of high quality and of a fairly large size, otherwise they will lose sharpness when stretching, which can only spoil the effect of the presentation. During the preparation of the presentation can be used audio.

6. The presentation should be prepared in the provided background (slide template). You should not make slides too colorful and color-coded. This harms the formation of unstable visual images.

7. Slides should either focus on something or visualize the material (the same tables, diagrams, drawings with designations, if any). Do not place multiple blocks of visual or textual information at one slide. This distracts, disperses attention, aggravates concentration.

8. The slide should be simple for perception - a little text on one slide.

Creating a presentation includes a series of steps:

1. Select a theme.

Student independently chooses a topic from the list of topics of individual research tasks. It should be borne in mind that the student has the right to choose the topic of the presentation, which should be agreed with the teacher, in the scope of the curriculum of public associations in Ukraine.

2. Analysis of literature on this topic.

Presentation is the accompaniment of a report or speech, therefore, it is first necessary to develop the concept of a speech, and then to take up the presentation of the presentation.

In general, the presentation should be based on materials from the textbooks. Therefore, the creation of a presentation should precede the careful and in-depth study of literature related to this topic. First of all, it is useful to get acquainted with the scientific work (or the indicated chapters, paragraphs, parties) in general in order to obtain an initial general presentation about it, which can be expanded by reviewing the preface, the content and the conclusion of the work, if any. The main thing at this stage is to identify the core problems of the topic under study and make them the main points of the presentation plan.

3. Statement of the content of the topic with the help of slides.

The presentation should be consistently considered all the questions of the plan. It is important to strive for the theoretical content of work to be linked to the analysis of practical and legal phenomena. The student must be able to demonstrate the practical significance of knowledge of principles, laws and categories.

When creating slides it is not necessary to use outdated sources, which may contain false views, inaccurate formulations and conclusions, outdated digital data. Consequently, the ability to highlight the main theoretical issues and to explain them on a particular material, using contemporary literature, are the basic requirements for preparing a presentation.

Presentation topics

1. Constitutional process in Ukraine: historical experience, current state and prospects.
2. Constitutional reform in Ukraine in 2012-2020.
3. Constitutional reform of local self-government in Ukraine.
4. Ukraine as a social and legal state.
5. The constitutional principle of separation of powers in Ukraine.
6. Constitutional duties of citizens of Ukraine.
7. Adoption of citizenship of Ukraine. Loss of Citizenship of Ukraine.
8. Constitutional and legal regulation of the referendum in Ukraine at the time of independence.
9. Constitutional and legal status of the Supreme Council of Justice.
10. International Election Standards.
11. Constitutional and legal status of the Commissioner of the Verkhovna Rada of Ukraine for Human Rights.
12. Functions and competence of the President of Ukraine.
13. Constitutional and legal status of the Council of National Security and Defense of Ukraine.
14. Constitutional and legal status and modern structure of the Office (Administration) of the President of Ukraine.
15. Constitutional and legal status of military-civilian and military administrations in Ukraine.
16. International standards and the Constitution of Ukraine.
17. Principles of the implementation of justice in Ukraine.
18. Constitutional and legal status of judges of the Constitutional Court of Ukraine.
19. Constitutional and legal status of the Constitutional Court of Ukraine.
20. Constitutional complaint: concept, content, subjects and grounds of submission.
21. Grounds for early termination of the powers of a People's Deputy of Ukraine.
22. Administrative and territorial reform in Ukraine.
23. Features of local self-government in the city of Kiev.
24. Municipal reform in Ukraine.
25. Guarantees of local self-government in Ukraine.

7. Teaching methods

Training within the teaching discipline "Constitutional Law of Ukraine" includes oral lectures and seminar classes. Visual teaching methods are used for each topic, in particular, presentations, schemes and videos.

8. Control methods

Control methods are methods of diagnostic activity that allow feedback in the learning process to obtain data on the success of learning, the effectiveness of the learning process.

Control measures determine the compliance of the level of knowledge acquired by students with the requirements of the normative documents on higher education.

Self-control is intended for the self-evaluation by the higher education students of the quality of the learning material of the discipline (section, themes). For this purpose, in the training manuals for each topic (section), as well as in the methodological workings out for seminars, questions are foreseen for self-control.

The control of the cathedral is carried out with the purpose of assessing the level of preparation of students in the discipline at various stages of its study and is carried out in the form of entrance, current, secondary and semester control.

In the educational process, the following types of control of learning outcomes are used: input, current during the semester, control work, provided by the curriculum, individual tasks, coursework, final semester, deferred control.

Incoming control is conducted before studying a new course in order to determine the level of preparation of students from the disciplines that provide this course. Incoming control is carried out in the first class on the tasks corresponding to the programs of preliminary training.

The results of the control are analyzed at the cathedral (intercultural) meetings and meetings of the methodical commissions together with the scientific and pedagogical workers who conduct classes with the provision of discipline. According to the results of the entrance control, measures are being developed to provide individual assistance to students, adjusting the educational process.

Current control is carried out on all types of classroom activities during the semester. Current control can be carried out in the form of oral questioning or written control at practical, seminars, lectures, in the form of a colloquium, student speeches when discussing issues at seminars, in the form of computer testing, etc. Specific forms of ongoing control and criteria for assessing the level of knowledge are determined by the curriculum. Student evaluation results should be communicated to students in a timely manner. The form of current control is the rector's control work. The results of the evaluation of the rector's control works can be counted as the results of the implementation of the control work provided for by the curriculum.

The final semester control of the academic discipline is a mandatory form of evaluation of the student's study results. It is conducted in the terms established by the schedule of the educational process, and in the amount of educational material determined by the work program of the educational discipline. Semester control is conducted in the form of an exam. A student is admitted to the semester control on the condition that he completes all types of work in this academic discipline provided by the curriculum and scores a minimum of 10 points.

The maximum amount of points that a student can score when completing an exam on a discipline is 40.

Assessment of final control is displayed on a national scale as the sum of the points scored by a higher education student during the semester when the control measures provided for by the curriculum (practice) and the points scored during the semester exam (credit) are completed.

The maximum amount of points that a student can gain in studying a discipline is 100.

The lecturer does not allow a full-time student to take the exam if he/she has not scored 10 points based on the results of seminar classes during the academic semester.

Matters to be made for the preparation of intermediate and final control

1. Concept, subject and system of constitutional law of Ukraine as a branch of law.
2. Method of constitutional-legal regulation.
3. Constitutional-legal relations: concepts, features, types.
4. Constitutional-legal norms: concept, features, types.
5. Subjects of constitutional-legal relations.
6. Objects of constitutional-legal relations.
7. Sources of constitutional law of Ukraine as a branch of law.
8. The Constitutional Law of Ukraine as a science and a discipline.
9. Concept of the Constitution as the Basic Law of the society and the state.
10. Legal properties of constitutions.
11. Classification of constitutions.
12. Functions of constitutions.
13. General characteristics of the current Constitution of Ukraine.
14. The procedure for adoption of the Constitution of Ukraine, making changes and additions

to it.

15. Constitutional reform in Ukraine at the present stage.
16. Concept of the constitutional system and its relation to the social system.
17. Concepts and signs of the principles of the constitutional order of Ukraine.
18. The system of principles that form the basis of the constitutional order of Ukraine.
19. Constitutional principles of national and state sovereignty, their content and relations.
20. Ukraine as a democratic, legal, social state.
21. The constitutional principle of separation of powers: its content and implementation in Ukraine.
22. The constitutional principle of the highest social value of a person: its meaning and meaning.
23. The constitutional principle of political, economic and ideological pluralism.
24. Constitutional principles of the rule of law and legality: the concept and the relationship between them.
25. Constitutional and legal regulation of state symbols of Ukraine.
26. Constitutional and legal responsibility: the concept, features, types.
27. Constitutional and legal delinquency as the basis of "retrospective" constitutional and legal responsibility.
28. Concept and principles of citizenship in Ukraine. Categories of persons who are citizens of Ukraine.
29. Acquisition of citizenship of Ukraine.
30. Termination of citizenship of Ukraine.
31. Bodies involved in the resolution of issues of citizenship and their competence.
32. Concept of the constitutional and legal status of a person and its elements.
33. Constitutional principles of the legal status of a person in Ukraine.
34. Concepts, features and types of basic (constitutional) rights and freedoms of Ukrainian citizens.
35. Civil (personal) rights of Ukrainian citizens: notions and types.
36. Political rights of Ukrainian citizens: notions and types.
37. Economic and social rights of Ukrainian citizens: notions and types.
38. Cultural and environmental rights of Ukrainian citizens: notions and types.
39. Guarantees of realization of basic rights and freedoms of Ukrainian citizens: notions and types.
40. Constitutional duties of Ukrainian citizens: notions, signs, types.
41. Constitutional and legal status of national minorities in Ukraine.
42. Constitutional and legal status of internally displaced persons in Ukraine.
43. Constitutional and legal status of foreigners and stateless persons in Ukraine.
44. Constitutional rights, freedoms and obligations of foreigners and stateless persons in Ukraine.
45. Constitutional and legal status of refugees and persons who need additional or temporary protection in Ukraine.
46. Constitutional and legal status of public associations in Ukraine.
47. Constitutional and legal status of political parties in Ukraine.
48. Constitutional and legal status of religious organizations in Ukraine.
49. Concepts and types of information and information activities.
50. Constitutional and legal status of mass media in Ukraine.
51. Concept, types and subject of referendums in Ukraine.
52. The procedure for preparing, holding a referendum, as well as determining its results.
53. Electoral law and electoral systems in Ukraine.
54. Constitutional principles of electoral law in Ukraine.
55. General characteristics of the electoral process in Ukraine.
56. Constitutional and legal status of subjects of the electoral process in Ukraine.
57. Constitutional and legal status of electoral commissions in Ukraine.

58. Procedure for the election of people's deputies of Ukraine.
59. The order of the election of the President of Ukraine.
60. Procedure for the election of deputies of local councils.
61. The procedure for the election of village, town, city mayors.
62. Constitutional form of government in Ukraine.
63. Constitutional and legal status of the Verkhovna Rada of Ukraine.
64. Structure, functions and competence of the Verkhovna Rada of Ukraine.
65. The procedure of work of the Verkhovna Rada of Ukraine, its normative regulation.
66. Legislative process in the Verkhovna Rada of Ukraine.
67. Constitutional and legal status of people's deputies of Ukraine.
68. Constitutional and legal status of committees and temporary committees of the Verkhovna Rada of Ukraine.
69. Constitutional and legal status of people's deputies groups and factions in the Verkhovna Rada of Ukraine.
70. Constitutional and legal status of the Commissioner of the Verkhovna Rada of Ukraine for Human Rights.
71. Constitutional and legal status of the Accounting Chamber.
72. Constitutional and legal status of the President of Ukraine.
73. Functions and competence of the President of Ukraine.
74. Grounds and procedure for early termination of powers of the President of Ukraine.
75. System and legal status of subsidiary bodies under the President of Ukraine.
76. Constitutional and legal status of the Cabinet of Ministers of Ukraine.
77. Composition, structure and procedure of formation of the Cabinet of Ministers of Ukraine.
78. Functions and competence of the Cabinet of Ministers of Ukraine.
79. Constitutional and legal status of central executive authorities.
80. Constitutional and legal status of local executive bodies.
81. Constitutional and legal status of judicial authorities in Ukraine.
82. Constitutional Principles of Judiciary in Ukraine.
83. Constitutional and legal status of judges in Ukraine.
84. Judicial self-government in Ukraine.
85. Constitutional and legal status of the High Council for Justice.
86. Constitutional principles of the organization and activities of the prosecutor's office in Ukraine.
87. The system and functions of the prosecutor's office in Ukraine.
88. Constitutional and legal status of prosecutors in Ukraine.
89. The Constitutional Court of Ukraine: composition, order of formation, structure.
90. Functions and competence of the Constitutional Court of Ukraine.
91. Constitutional and legal status of judges of the Constitutional Court of Ukraine.
92. Constitutional proceedings, its forms and stages.
93. Constitutional form of the state system of Ukraine.
94. Constitutional principles and the system of administrative-territorial structure of Ukraine.
95. Concept and system of local self-government in Ukraine.
96. Principles of local self-government in Ukraine.
97. Constitutional and legal status of local councils.
98. Constitutional and legal status of deputies of local councils.
99. Constitutional and legal status of village, town, city mayors.
100. Constitutional and legal status of executive bodies of local self-government.

9. Scheme of calculation of points Full-time education.

The total number of points is 100.

The number of points for the exam is 40.

Number of points during the semester - 60:

Number of points for answers at seminars - 40:

Formula about

$\Sigma 1$

$\Sigma 40 = \frac{\Sigma 1}{\Sigma 2} \times 8$ (eight) **(there must be at least 10 points here)**

$\Sigma 2$

Note:

$\Sigma 40$ - the sum of the maximum number of points.

$\Sigma 1$ - the sum of the points received by the student for answers to practical (seminar) classes.

$\Sigma 2$ the number of practical (seminary) classes during the semester.

8 is the coefficient

Control work (one per semester) - 15 points.

Individual task (presentation) - 5 points.

Current control										Points per semester	Exam	Amount
T1	T2	T3	T4	T5	T6	T7	T8-13	Individ.	Control work	(max)	(max)	(max)
$\Sigma 40$								5	15	60	40	100

T1, T2 ... T13– topics.

For the successful scientific work (writing of scientific work, abstracts, participation in scientific conferences, participation in the work of a scientific circle, etc.) on the profile of this discipline, by the decision of the department in accordance with the criteria set by the curriculum program, can receive up to 10 additional (encouragement) points.

Criteria for examining the exam

The exam is conducted in the form of written work, which consists of 40 test tasks on topics envisaged by the work program within the framework of the questions submitted for the final control. Each correct answer to one test task is estimated at 1 point. The maximum number of points scored when compiling the semester exam is 40.

Criteria for evaluating control work

Control work is carried out in the form of written work, consisting of a full-time form of training from 15 test tasks. Each correct answer to one test task is estimated at 1 point. The maximum number of points scored when writing the test work is 15. Control work for the correspondence form of training consists of one open question on the topics provided by the work program in the issues of the current control and 10 test tasks. Each correct answer to one test task is evaluated in 1 point, the answer to an open question from 0 to 5 points. The maximum number of points scored when writing a test work is 15.

Criteria for evaluating oral answers.

The answer to the seminar is 1-5 points.

The current control is carried out, in particular, in the form of a survey and verification of the results of speeches at seminars and practical classes in a five-point scale of assessments.

5 points are put under the following conditions:

- the student actively works during all practical lessons;
- gives a complete, correct, consistent, coherent, substantiated statement of the issue, accompanied by correct examples and a reference to the current legislation;

- all that is taught should indicate a profound understanding and orientation in the phenomena and processes being studied;
- correct comprehensive answers to additional questions of the teacher.

4 points are put under the following conditions:

- the student actively works during the practical training;
- gives a correct, complete statement of the content of the textbook and the material provided by the teacher, but additional control questions that the teacher sets to clarify the depth of understanding and ability to navigate in phenomena and processes, responds only with some help from a teacher or colleagues;
- insufficiently comprehensive answers to additional questions of the teacher.

3 points are put under the following conditions:

- a student behaves passively in the classroom, responds only to the challenge of a teacher;
- in general, reveals the knowledge of the main study material under consideration, but during the answer makes mistakes and recognizes them only after the instruction of the teacher;
- Answers to the questions do not immediately, but only after some tension of memory, with what answers are fuzzy;
- not able to deduce the relationship with other problems of the discipline without the help of the teacher;

2 points are put under the following conditions:

- admits significant errors or completely misses the material and partially corrects these errors only after the instruction of the teacher;
- the student reveals the lack of knowledge of a significant part of the educational material, illogical and uncertainly teaches him, in the answer there are humps and breaks, can not explain the problem, although he understands it;
- the teaching material is not sufficiently connected and consistent.

1 point is put under the following conditions:

- the student assumes gross errors in the presentation of the material and does not correct these errors, even if they instruct them on the teacher;
- reveals a lack of understanding of the educational material and, as a result, a complete lack of skills in the analysis of phenomena, and in the further implementation of practical tasks.

9.1. Scheme of calculation of points

Extramural form education.

The total number of points is 100.

The number of points for the exam is 40.

Number of points during the semester - 60:

Number of points for answers at seminars - 40:

Formula about

$$\Sigma 10 = \Sigma 1$$

Note:

$\Sigma 10$ - the sum of the maximum number of points

$\Sigma 1$ - the sum of the points received by the student for the answers to the practical (seminar) classes and for the individual task.

Control work (one per semester) - 40 points.

Individual task (presentation) - 10 points.

Current control										independent work	Total Settlement	Amount
T1	T2	T3	T4	T5	T6	T7	T8-13	Individ.	Control work	60	40	100
$\Sigma 40$								10	40			

T1, T2 ... T13– topics.

For the successful scientific work (writing of scientific work, abstracts, participation in scientific conferences, participation in the work of a scientific circle, etc.) on the profile of this discipline, by the decision of the department in accordance with the criteria set by the curriculum program, can receive up to 10 additional (encouragement) points.

Criteria for examining the exam

The exam is conducted in the form of written work, which consists of 40 test tasks on topics envisaged by the work program within the framework of the questions submitted for the final control. Each correct answer to one test task is estimated at 1 point. The maximum number of points scored when compiling the semester exam is 40.

Criteria for evaluating control work

Control work is carried out in the form of written work form of training from 40 test tasks. Each correct answer to one test task is estimated at 1 point. The maximum number of points scored when writing the test work is 40.

Criteria for evaluating oral answers.

The answer to the seminar is 1-5 points.

The current control is carried out, in particular, in the form of a survey and verification of the results of speeches at seminars and practical classes in a five-point scale of assessments.

5 points are put under the following conditions:

- the student actively works during all practical lessons;
- gives a complete, correct, consistent, coherent, substantiated statement of the issue, accompanied by correct examples and a reference to the current legislation;
- all that is taught should indicate a profound understanding and orientation in the phenomena and processes being studied;
- correct comprehensive answers to additional questions of the teacher.

4 points are put under the following conditions:

- the student actively works during the practical training;
- gives a correct, complete statement of the content of the textbook and the material provided by the teacher, but additional control questions that the teacher sets to clarify the depth of understanding and ability to navigate in phenomena and processes, responds only with some help from a teacher or colleagues;
- insufficiently comprehensive answers to additional questions of the teacher.

3 points are put under the following conditions:

- a student behaves passively in the classroom, responds only to the challenge of a teacher;
- in general, reveals the knowledge of the main study material under consideration, but during the answer makes mistakes and recognizes them only after the instruction of the teacher;
- Answers to the questions do not immediately, but only after some tension of memory, with what answers are fuzzy;
- not able to deduce the relationship with other problems of the discipline without the help of the teacher;

2 points are put under the following conditions:

- admits significant errors or completely misses the material and partially corrects these errors only after the instruction of the teacher;
- the student reveals the lack of knowledge of a significant part of the educational material, illogical and uncertainly teaches him, in the answer there are humps and breaks, can not explain the problem, although he understands it;
- the teaching material is not sufficiently connected and consistent.

1 point is put under the following conditions:

- the student assumes gross errors in the presentation of the material and does not correct these errors, even if they instruct them on the teacher;
- reveals a lack of understanding of the educational material and, as a result, a complete lack of skills in the analysis of phenomena, and in the further implementation of practical tasks.

Scale of evaluation

The number of points for all types of training activities during the semester	Score on a national scale
90-100	pass
70-89	pass
50-69	pass
1-49	fail

10. Recommended literature

Basic literature

Legal acts:

1. Про медіа: Закон України від 13.12.2022 р. № 2849-IX. URL: <https://zakon.rada.gov.ua/laws/show/2849-20#Text>
2. Про Центральну виборчу комісію: Закон України від 30 червня 2004 р. № 1932-VI (із змін.) URL: <http://zakon2.rada.gov.ua/laws/show/1932-15>
3. Про політичні партії в Україні: Закон України від 05.04.2001 № 2365-III. URL: <http://zakon2.rada.gov.ua/laws/show/2365-14>.
4. Акт проголошення незалежності України: від 24.08.1991. URL: <https://zakon.rada.gov.ua/laws/show/1427-12>.
5. Декларація прав національностей України [Declaration of the Rights of Nationalities of Ukraine dated November 1, 1991]. URL: <https://zakon.rada.gov.ua/laws/show/1771-12>.
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7. Закон України «Про столицю України – місто-герой Київ» від 15 січня 1999 р. № 401- XIV (із змін.). URL: <http://zakon2.rada.gov.ua/laws/show/401-14>
8. Конституція Автономної Республіки Крим від 21 жовтня 1998 р., затв. Законом України від 23.12.1998. № 350-XIV. URL: <https://zakon.rada.gov.ua/laws/show/350-14>.
9. Про біженців та осіб, які потребують додаткового або тимчасового захисту: Закон України від 08.07.2011 № 3671-VI. URL: <http://zakon2.rada.gov.ua/laws/show/3671-17>.
10. Про Державний реєстр виборців: Закон України від 22.02.2007 № 698-V. URL: <http://zakon4.rada.gov.ua/laws/show/698-16>.
11. Про державну таємницю: Закон України від 21.01.1994 № 3855-XII. URL: <http://zakon2.rada.gov.ua/laws/show/3855-12>.
12. Про доступ до публічної інформації: Закон України від 13.01.2011 № 2939-VI. URL: <https://zakon.rada.gov.ua/laws/show/2939-17>.
13. Про забезпечення прав і свобод внутрішньо переміщених осіб: Закон України від 20.10.2014 № 1706-VII. URL: <http://zakon4.rada.gov.ua/laws/show/1706-18>.
14. Про затвердження Національної стратегії у сфері прав людини: Указ Президента України від 25.08.2015 № 501/2015. URL: <https://zakon.rada.gov.ua/laws/show/501/2015>.
15. Про захист персональних даних: Закон України від 01.06.2010 № 2297-VI. URL: <https://zakon.rada.gov.ua/laws/show/2297-17>
16. Про інформацію: Закон України від 02.10.1992 № 2657-XII (в ред.). URL: <http://zakon2.rada.gov.ua/laws/show/2657-12>.
17. Про медіа: Закон України від 13.12.2022, № 2849-IX. URL: <https://zakon.rada.gov.ua/laws/show/2849-20#Text>
18. Про молодіжні та дитячі громадські організації: Закон України від 01.12.1998 № 281- XIV. URL: <http://zakon2.rada.gov.ua/laws/show/281-14>.
19. Про національні меншини (спільноти) України: Закон України від 13.12.2022 № 2827-IX. URL: <https://zakon.rada.gov.ua/laws/show/2827-20#Text>

20. Про особливу процедуру усунення Президента України з поста (імпiчмент): Закон України від 10 вересня 2019 року № 39-IX URL: <https://zakon.rada.gov.ua/laws/show/39-20>
21. Про Представництво Президента України в Автономній Республіці Крим: Закон України від 2 березня 2000 р. № 1524-III (із змін.). URL: <https://zakon.rada.gov.ua/laws/main/1524-14#Text>
22. Про прокуратуру: Закон України від 14 жовтня 2014 р. № 1697-VII (із змін.) URL: <http://zakon4.rada.gov.ua/laws/show/1697-18>
23. Про Раду міністрів Автономної Республіки Крим: Закон України від 16 червня 2011 р. № 3530-VI (із змін.) URL: <http://zakon2.rada.gov.ua/laws/show/3530-17>
24. Про Раду національної безпеки і оборони України: Закон України від 5 березня 1998 р. № 183/98-ВР URL: <http://zakon2.rada.gov.ua/laws/show/183/98-вр>
25. Про Регламент Верховної Ради України: Закон України від 10 лютого 2010 р. № 1861- VI (із змін.) URL: <http://zakon2.rada.gov.ua/laws/show/1861-17>
26. Про свободу совісті та релігійні організації: Закон України від 23 квітня 1991 р. № 987-XII (із змін.) URL: <http://zakon2.rada.gov.ua/laws/show/987-12>
27. Про службу в органах місцевого самоврядування Закон України від 7 червня 2001 р. № 2493-III (із змін.) URL: <http://zakon2.rada.gov.ua/laws/show/2493-14>
28. Про співробітництво територіальних громад: Закон України від 17 червня 2014 р. № 1508-VII URL: <http://zakon4.rada.gov.ua/laws/show/1508-18>
29. Про статус депутатів місцевих рад: Закон України від 11 липня 2002 р. № 93-IV (із змін.) URL: <http://zakon2.rada.gov.ua/laws/show/93-15>
30. Про статус народного депутата України: Закон України від 17 листопада 1992 р. № 2790-XII (із змін.). URL: <http://zakon3.rada.gov.ua/laws/show/2790-12>
31. Про тимчасові слідчі комісії і тимчасові спеціальні комісії Верховної Ради України : Закон України від 19 грудня 2019 року № 400-IX. URL : <https://zakon.rada.gov.ua/laws/show/400>
32. Про Уповноваженого Верховної Ради України з прав людини: Закон України від 21.12.1997 № 776/97-ВР. URL: <http://zakon3.rada.gov.ua/laws/show/776/97-вр>
33. Про Уповноваженого Верховної Ради України з прав людини: Закон України від 23 грудня 1997 р. № 776/97-ВР URL: <http://zakon3.rada.gov.ua/laws/show/776/97-вр>
34. Про центральні органи виконавчої влади: Закон України від 17 березня 2011 р. № 3166-VI URL: <http://zakon2.rada.gov.ua/laws/show/3166-17>
35. Про Центральну виборчу комісію: Закон України від 30.06.2004 № 1932-VI. URL: <http://zakon2.rada.gov.ua/laws/show/1932-15>.
36. Constitution of Ukraine: dated June 28, 1996. URL: <https://zakon.rada.gov.ua/laws/show/en/254%D0%BA/96-%D0%B2%D1%80#Text>
37. Electoral Code of Ukraine: dated December 19, 2019 No. 396-IX. URL: <https://zakon.rada.gov.ua/laws/show/en/396-20#top>
38. On Citizenship of Ukraine: Law of Ukraine dated 18.01.2001 № 2235-III. URL: <https://zakon.rada.gov.ua/laws/show/en/2235-14#Text>
39. On Public Associations: Law of Ukraine dated 22.03.2012 № 4572-VI. URL: <https://zakon.rada.gov.ua/laws/show/en/4572-17#Text>
40. On the Constitutional Court of Ukraine: Law of Ukraine dated July 13, 2017 № 2136-VIII. URL: <https://zakon.rada.gov.ua/laws/show/en/2136-19#Text>
41. On the Judiciary and the Status of Judges: Law of Ukraine dated June 2, 2016 № 1402-VIII. URL: <https://zakon.rada.gov.ua/laws/show/en/1402-19#Text>
42. On the Legal Status of Foreigners and Stateless Persons: Law of Ukraine dated 22.09.2011 № 3773-VI. URL: <http://zakon2.rada.gov.ua/laws/show/3773-17>

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1. Погорілко В. Ф., Федоренко В.Л. Конституційне право України: підручник / за заг. ред. В.Л. Федоренка. 4-е вид., переробл. і доопр. Київ: Ліра-К, 2012. 576 с. [Pogorilko V.F.,

- Fedorenko V.L. Constitutional Law of Ukraine: Textbook / ed. V.L. Fedorenko. 4th ed., reworked. Kyiv: Lira-K, 2012. 576 p.].
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 8. Конституції і конституційні акти України. Історія і сучасність. / упоряд. І.О. Кресіна, О.В. Батанов; відп. ред. Ю.С. Шемшученко. 3-є вид. Київ: Юридична думка, 2011. 328 с. [Constitutions and constitutional acts of Ukraine. History and modernity. / order I.O. Kresina, O.V. Batanov; rep. edit Yu.S. Shemshuchenko. 3rd appearance. Kyiv: Legal Opinion, 2011. 328 p.].
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